

“आदर्श अनुशासन, मर्यादा, ईमानदारी तथा उच्च मानवीय मूल्यों के बिना किसी का जीवन महान नहीं बन सकता।”

PT. MICHAEL L.A.S.D. COLLEGE FOR WOMEN 

APPLICATED TO GROW INTO BE ACCEPTED TO GRADUATE BY MARY

ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

B.Voc	4-2-2	13-1
B.Voc	4-2-2	13-2

PG FACILITY FOR WORKING WOMEN

Apply Through Health Care Services At Saint's College

Affiliated to: GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY, AMRITSAR

OUR INSPIRING SPIRIT



PT. MOHAN LAL JI

FORMER EDUCATION, HOME AND FINANCE MINISTER, PUNJAB
FOUNDER PRESIDENT OF GGDSD COLLEGE SEC-32, CHANDIGARH
PT. MOHAN LAL S.D. COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, GURDASPUR
PT. MOHAN LAL S.D. SCHOOL, CHANDIGARH.



SH. UPKAR KRISHAN SHARMA JI

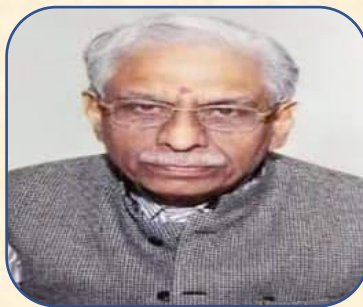
FORMER PRESIDENT GGDSD COLLEGE SOCIETY, CHANDIGARH
FORMER PRESIDENT PTMLSD COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, GURDASPUR
EX-VICE PRESIDENT, EVEREADY INDUSTRIES INDIA LTD.

E-MAGAZINE

‘DARPAN’



Ms. Vaishali Sharma
President,
GGDSD Society Chd.



Dr. PK Bajaj
General Secretary,
GGDSD Society Chd.



Sh. Hiramani Aggarwal
Chairman,
PTMLSD College, Gurdaspur.



Dr. (Mrs.) Neeru Sharma
Chief Editor : Principal



Er. Surkhab Shelly
Editor



Dr. Khushboo
Editor



Mr. Ashwani
Technical Expert





Dear Sdians...

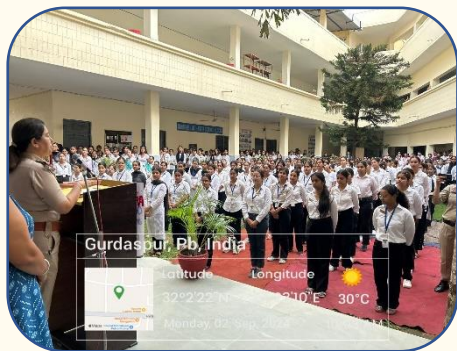
It gives me immense sense of fulfilment when I look at the monthly edition of college e-Magazine '**DARPAN**'. The essential purpose of e-magazine '**DARPAN**' is to inform, engage and inspire faculty, students, parents, alumni and our stakeholders. This e-magazine endeavors to reflect the values and the long tradition of excellence of the institution itself. Throughout the year campus buzzes with various activities that makes learning experience at SD Gurdaspur, a unique one. The perpetual efforts of the faculty, students and clubs/societies of the college in keeping the campus alive are commendable. Workshops, conferences, competitions, rallies, sports, guest lectures, FDPs, PDPs and a great variety of activities that corroborate academic learning help our students to grow in the real sense.

I congratulate editors for giving practical shape to my idea of e-magazine and wish all the best for inspired and result oriented session.

Dr. (Mrs.) Neeru Sharma
Principal



AWARENESS PROGRAM ON ANTI-DRUGS



Women cell and Sociology department organized an awareness program on Mission Nishchay (Anti-drug, Shakti App, Safe/Unsafe) in collaboration with Sanjh Kendra, Gurdaspur. Inspector Inderbir Kaur (Distt. Incharge Sanjh Kendra cum Women Helpdesk incharge) was the resource person. Her talk mainly emphasized on the safety of women at their workplace, home and school. She briefed about the Shakti App created for women safety. Students were directed to install the Shakti app on their mobile phones. Senior constable Ms. Harpreet Kaur also delivered a lecture on safe and unsafe touch.

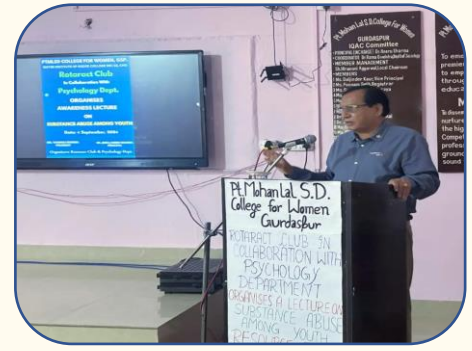
UNLEASHING CREATIVITY AND CELEBRATING



The Youth Club of the college successfully hosted the talent hunt event, Khoj Ek Paryas. The event aimed to foster self-confidence, independence, and a competitive spirit among the students. A wide range of competitions, including painting, cooking without fire, cartooning, dance, poetry recitation, debate, speech, and rangoli, were organized, with students eagerly participating and showcasing their talents. Stalls showcasing various dishes by the Home Science Department and fashion items by the Fashion Designing Department were also well-received by students and teachers. Based on Talent Hunt, Students were selected to represent college in Youth Festival. Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar conducted Youth festival to refresh the minds of youngsters and provide an opportunity to them to show their talent. Our students participated in different events and secured 1st in photography, 1st in Phulkari, 2nd in Collage, 3rd in cartooning, 3rd in Mehendi and 3rd in western vocal.



GUEST LECTURE ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE AMONG YOUTH



The Rotaract Club in collaboration with the Psychology Department, organized a guest lecture on 'Substance Abuse Among Youth.' Dr. Rupinder Kaur, a renowned psychiatrist from Gurdaspur, delivered an insightful presentation on drug abuse, discussing its impact on young people's health and future. She highlighted the role of factors like peer pressure, social media, and mental health in contributing to substance abuse, providing detailed information on various categories of drugs and their effects. Dr. Kaur discussed early intervention strategies, drug education programs in schools, and the role of parental involvement. The event successfully raised awareness about the dangers of substance abuse and promoted the need for a collaborative approach among schools, families, and communities to create a drug-free environment.

SEMINAR CUM WORKSHOP ON DOMESTIC VIOLENCE



Women cell, Sexual Harassment cell and Sociology department organized a seminar cum workshop on 'Domestic Violence Act, Dowry Prohibition Act and Posh Act' in collaboration with Department of Social Security and Child Welfare. Ms. Rufsa Sabbarwal (advocate) was the main speaker. She mentioned that dowry cases and domestic violence cases are increasing day by day. She also talked about early girl-child marriage. Mr. Sunil Joshi (Child Protection Officer) emphasized on child labour and rape cases among minor girls. Mr. Krishan Kumar Malhi (advocate) talked about Posh Act -2013 and sexual harassment of women at their workplace. College Principal appreciated efforts of incharges for arranging such seminars.



TEACHERS' DAY CELEBRATIONS

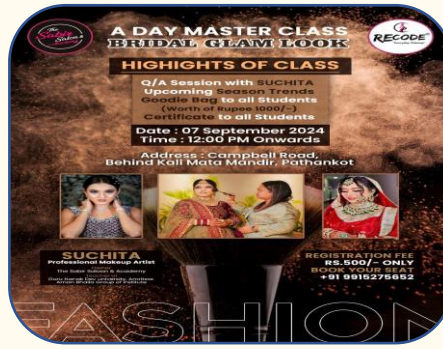


Teachers' day was celebrated in collaboration with Bharat Vikas Parishad (BVP). The event was presided by SDM S. Karamjeet Singh as the chief guest. On this occasion, 11 teachers from various schools and colleges were honored. From our college, Mrs. Kamlesh Kumari of the Punjabi Department and Mrs. Paramjit Kaur from the FD Department were among those honored. The Chief Guest commended the teachers for their pivotal role in shaping students' personalities and highlighted their significance in society. Principal Dr. Neeru Sharma reflected on S. Radhakrishnan's belief that teachers are the backbone of a nation, shaping future generations.

The Central Association students organized a memorable Teachers' Day celebration. The event began with a warm welcome for the teachers, followed by a traditional tilak ceremony, during which the College Principal and teachers were honored, symbolizing respect and blessings. The College Principal's office was beautifully decorated with flowers, adding to the festive atmosphere. As a token of appreciation, the Central Association presented a memento to the Principal. The Rotaract Club also contributed to the success of the celebration and expressed gratitude towards teachers..



LEARNING BEYOND CLASSROOMS



The students of Cosmetology Department attended 'One Day Master Class' organized by Bridal Glam Look, Pathankot. Professional Makeup Artist and owner of the Sabir Saloon and Academy, Ms. Suchita provided training to students. Students learnt about make-up techniques and product knowledge. All the participants got gift hampers and certificates. It was a wonderful experience for the students.

RECREATIONAL TRIP



A one-day trip was organized for the teaching and non-teaching staff of the college. A visit to Sri Kandh Sahib Gurudwara, Batala, Temple Achleshwar Dham, and Gurudwara Achal Sahib, Batala was organized. These sacred sites are renowned for their spiritual and historical significance. Sri Kandh Sahib Gurudwara is one of the most important Sikh shrines in Batala, and the staff were deeply moved by the peaceful and divine atmosphere. The Gurudwara holds a special place in Sikh history where the divine wedding of Sri Guru Nanak Dev Ji and Jagat Mata Sulakhni Ji happened. Next, the staff visited Temple Achleshwar Dham, an ancient temple devoted to Lord Shiva. The temple's architecture and tranquil surroundings, including the lush greenery, were admired by all. Staff also visited Gurudwara Achal Sahib, another prominent site in Batala, associated with Guru Nanak Dev Ji's visit to this place. They also enjoyed the community meal (langar), experiencing the essence of humility and service. The trip was a refreshing and enriching experience for all participants, leaving them with cherished memories of the visit.



WORKSHOP ON MILLETS



The Home Science Department in collaboration with the 'Kheti Virasat Mission' organized a workshop on millet cooking. The workshop aimed to raise awareness about the benefits of millets, which have been an integral part of Indian diets for centuries. The workshop was arranged to promote the nutritional benefits of millets and their importance in a balanced diet, particularly for people dealing with health issues such as diabetes, constipation, fatigue, and digestive problems like diarrhea. Items like Millet Shake, Millet Lassi, Millet Tikki, Millet Roti and Millet Poha were prepared during the workshop. Chef Sarbjeet Kaur from Bathinda led the culinary preparation of these dishes.

ALUMNI MEET



The Alumni Meet was organised to reconnect alumni with the college and encourage networking. A welcome tea session gave the alumni a relaxed space to catch up and renew old friendships. Dr. Dinesh Sharma, Incharge Alumni Association expressed gratitude to the alumni for their support and explained in detail about the recent developments in the college. Dr. Rama Gandotra, head of the IQAC, highlighted the importance of the alumni network for the growth of the institution and its students. On this occasion, college students presented a cultural performance. The members of the Alumni association collected an amount of ₹7350 and donated to the college for students' welfare. Alumni members also visited the campus and observed new infrastructural developments and additions in the library, laboratories and other student facilities in the campus. They were impressed and happy to see the upliftment of the institution.



WORKSHOP ON ARTPRENEURSHIP



The Fine Arts and Fashion Designing Departments organized a workshop on Artpreneurship. Mrs. Kulpreet Sond, from BD Arya College, Jalandhar Cantt, served as the resource person, providing students hands-on training in craft work, including bookmarks, fridge magnets, and miniatures. The workshop aimed to enhance students' creative and entrepreneurial skills. Principal Dr. Neeru Sharma thanked Mrs. Kaur with a token of appreciation and inspired the students to explore art-based entrepreneurship. She commended efforts of department heads for arranging this kind of workshop.

NAMING THE PLANTS



NSS unit, Eco Club and Botany Department took an initiative under which new nameplates of the plants have been arranged and installed, under EEP and State Nodal Agency PSCST, supported by MoEF&CC. This event aims to provide knowledge to the students about various categories of plants in their surroundings. The newly created herbal garden in the college is one of the main knowledge hubs for the students. It helps them in categorizing the various plants according to their common and botanical names.



INSTALLATION OF CENTRAL ASSOCIATION



The Central Association of the college is a platform created for students' representation in academic, extracurricular and charitable activities of the college. It comprises various position holders from all the streams. The members of the Association were selected based on their talent, their last year performance, behavior and communication skills. A team of 16 executive members including the College Head girl, Vice-Head girl, Hostel Head girl, Hostel Vice Head Girl, General Secretary, Finance Secretary, Media ambassador, discipline incharge, and 8 other executive members along with Class representatives from every department were selected for year 2024. Prof. (Dr.) Vinay Kapoor, the former Vice-Chancellor of B.R. Ambedkar National Law University, graced the occasion as the Chief Guest for the 'Installation Ceremony'. Chief Guest along with College Principal, and incharges of Central Association, honored the students with sashes. The Chief Guest motivated all the students of Central Association to exercise the spirit of discipline, duty, and commitment towards their duties. Dr. Mrs. Neeru sharma stated that Central Association of PTMLSD aims at achieving new heights with hard work, drive and passion. She gave the message that leadership is not about authority and a prominent position but it is about managing a balance between your studies and the responsibilities of the College.



HINDI PAKHWARA



The Hindi Department in collaboration with Nehru Yuva Kendra, Gurdaspur, celebrated 'Hindi Pakhwada'. Nehru Yuva Kendra organized district-level activities such as speech competitions, slogan writing, essay writing, and signature campaigns. Meanwhile, the Hindi department organized an activity titled 'Two Lines for Hindi'. Around 23 students from college participated in this competition in which Monika secured first place in the slogan writing competition, Sikha won first place in essay writing, and Akshita secured first place in the speech competition. These winners were honoured with certificates by Madam Sandeep Kaur, Youth Officer of Gurdaspur, the College Principal, and the Head of the Hindi Department. Faculty members also participated in this event.

OUTREACH PROGRAMME AT DISABLED SCHOOL



The Rotaract Club organised a Stationary distribution drive at Govt. Primary school Hanumani Gate of disabled children. The primary goal of this visit was to interact with the children at the school, understand their needs, and provide them with essential educational materials. The distribution materials include colours to inspire creativity, pencils and notebooks to help with their studies and daily classroom activities, and biscuits as a small treat to bring a smile to their faces. Our team spent quality time interacting with the children and clicked pics with them.



PLACEMENT DRIVE: OPPORTUNEST



The Career and Placement cell in collaboration with IQAC organised a placement drive 'Opportunist' in which renowned recruitment company JobCoach.in visited the college campus for placement. The students had an engaging interactive session led by Ms. Urmila Sharma, HR Head of JobCoach, and Mr. Ashish Sarswal, Corporate Relationship Manager. Following the session, individual interviews were conducted, allowing students to showcase their skills and aspirations. This one-on-one interaction provided a platform for personalized feedback and guidance, further enhancing the students' readiness for the workforce. Both Ms. Sharma and Mr. Sarswal expressed their appreciation for the enthusiasm and talent displayed by the students, reinforcing JobCoach's mission to empower the next generation of professionals. The 'Opportunist' drive has undoubtedly set a precedent for future placement initiatives, fostering a robust connection between academia and industry. Students shortlisted in this drive were called for training in various sectors.

REMEMBERING SHAHEED BHAGAT SINGH JI



The Patriotic and Social Sciences Club celebrated the 117th birth anniversary of Shaheed Bhagat Singh. Members of the club, Vanshika, Mitali and Rupal presented their views on Bhagat Singh's Philosophy, his role in freedom movement and his sacrifices. College Principal appreciated incharges for arranging such events.



SESSION ON COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM OUTCOMES



A comprehensive session on Course Outcomes (COs), Program Outcomes (POs), and their attainment was arranged by IQAC in which Mrs. Mansi Singh, Assistant Professor & IQAC Coordinator, Saroop Rani Government College for Women, Amritsar was invited as resource person. The session aimed to highlight the role of Outcome-Based Education (OBE) in aligning educational goals with workplace expectations. Ms. Singh explained the key components of OBE, including its focus on achieving specific learning goals through systematic curriculum design and instructional practices. The session also discussed Bloom's Taxonomy and how it helps categorize learning objectives across cognitive, affective, and psychomotor domains. She also explained about attainment of COs and POs. This session underscores the importance of outcome-based learning in modern education, preparing students with the skills needed for future success.

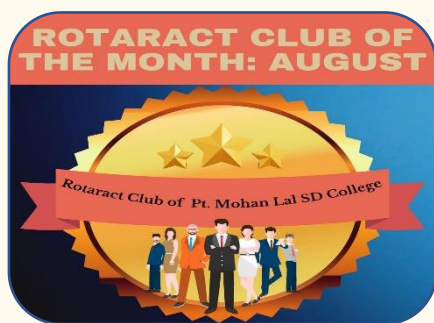
WORKSHOP ON BANKING AND INSURANCE



The Enactus Club and Commerce Department organized a 1-Day workshop for Add on Banking and Insurance students focused on banking documentation. The session covered essential documents such as pay in slips, withdrawal slips, KYC documents and account opening forms, allowing participants to engage in practical exercises. Students appreciated the insights gained, highlighting the workshop's role in enhancing their understanding of the financial sector.



COLLEGE ACHIEVEMENT



Rotaract Club was declared as the club of the month for doing maximum outreach and extension activities in August month. Principal appreciated efforts of club incharges and students.

SPORTS ACHIEVEMENTS



- On 4th September, 2024 kickboxing Championship under 19 was held in which our Collegiate students Kanika Bansal and Kanika Arora got Silver medal and Vishali, Rohini Kamakshi, Jasmeet Kaur, Gurleen Kaur, Purvi, Kiran, Manpreet Kaur and Anjali got bronze medal.
- On 8th Sept. 2024 Block Level Volleyball Tournament under Khedan Watan Punjab Diyan was held in which our Volleyball team under 21 got first position and under 21-30 got Second position.
- On 23rd and 24th September 2024 District Kickboxing Competition under Kheda Watan Punjab Diya was organized in which our students Gurpreet Kaur secured a Gold Medal in the 60 kg weight category, while Manjit Kaur won a Gold Medal in the 52 kg weight category.
- On September 26, 2024, our college participated in various district-level sports competitions 'Khedan Watan Punjab Diyan 2024'. Our basketball team achieved a remarkable victory, securing a gold medal in the district competition. Our Volleyball team bagged first position. Our basketball team bagged second position.
- College boxing team won 8 gold, 11 silver and 8 bronze medals in the District Competition under Khedan Watan Punjab Diyan held at Baba Ajay Singh Khalsa College, Gurdasnangal. College Principal congratulated all the winners and participants.



COGNITIVE-PSYCHOLOGICAL BASICS OF E-COMMERCE

E-commerce has transformed the way consumers shop, providing unmatched convenience, variety, and access to goods and services. However, the success of an e-commerce platform is not solely dependent on its technological infrastructure or product offerings. The psychological factors influencing consumer behaviour play a crucial role in determining how users interact with online platforms, make purchasing decisions, and develop brand loyalty. This article explores the cognitive and psychological principles underlying e-commerce, offering insights into how these principles can be leveraged to optimize user experience, increase conversion rates, and foster customer loyalty.

Cognitive Load and Decision Making

One of the foundational principles in cognitive psychology is the concept of cognitive load, which refers to the mental effort required to process information. In an e-commerce context, cognitive load can significantly affect a user's ability to make decisions.

High cognitive load can overwhelm users, leading to decision fatigue and abandoned shopping carts. For instance, when an online store presents too many product options without clear categorization or filtering mechanisms, users may struggle to choose the best option, leading to frustration and ultimately a decision to leave the site.

To reduce cognitive load, e-commerce platforms should focus on simplicity and clarity in their design. This includes intuitive navigation, clear categorization of products, and providing decision aids such as filters, comparison tools, and personalized recommendations. By streamlining the

decision-making process, e-commerce sites can help users make faster and more satisfying choices (Sweller, 2011).

The Role of Heuristics in E-Commerce

Heuristics are mental shortcuts that people use to make decisions quickly and efficiently. While heuristics can simplify complex decisions, they can also lead to cognitive biases that influence consumer behaviour in e-commerce.

One common heuristic in e-commerce is the scarcity effect, where consumers perceive products that are limited in availability as more valuable. E-commerce platforms often use this heuristic by displaying messages like “Only 3 left in stock!” or “Limited-time offer!” to create a sense of urgency, prompting consumers to make a purchase before the opportunity disappears (Cialdini, 2007).

Another heuristic is the authority bias, where consumers are more likely to trust and purchase from brands or individuals they perceive as authoritative or credible. This can be seen in e-commerce through the use of expert reviews, endorsements, and user testimonials. E-commerce platforms can capitalize on this bias by prominently featuring reviews from experts or influencers and ensuring that customer testimonials are visible and easily accessible.

Trust and Security Perception

Trust is a critical factor in e-commerce, as consumers are required to share personal and financial information to complete transactions. The perception of security can significantly influence a consumer's willingness to make a purchase. Cognitive psychology suggests that visual and verbal cues play a significant role in shaping these perceptions.

For example, displaying trust seals, secure payment icons, and clear privacy policies can enhance the perception of security. Research has shown that consumers are more likely to trust e-commerce sites that display third-party

security certifications, such as SSL certificates or badges from recognized security companies (Kim & Benbasat, 2009). Additionally, providing transparent information about data protection practices can alleviate concerns about privacy and build consumer trust.

E-commerce platforms can also enhance trust by ensuring that their website design conveys professionalism and reliability. Poorly designed websites with outdated graphics, broken links, or slow loading times can create a negative first impression, leading consumers to question the credibility and trustworthiness of the site. Investing in high-quality web design and user experience (UX) is therefore essential for building trust in e-commerce.

The Impact of Social Proof

Social proof is a powerful psychological principle that influences consumer behaviour by leveraging the actions and opinions of others. In e-commerce, social proof manifests in various forms, including customer reviews, ratings, testimonials, and social media endorsements. According to Cialdini (2007), people are more likely to engage in a behaviour if they see others doing the same, particularly in situations of uncertainty.

Customer reviews and ratings are among the most common forms of social proof in e-commerce. Research has shown that consumers are more likely to purchase products with positive reviews and high ratings (Chevalier & Mayzlin, 2006). E-commerce platforms can enhance the effectiveness of social proof by prominently displaying customer reviews, allowing users to sort products by rating, and encouraging satisfied customers to leave reviews.

Social media integration also plays a crucial role in amplifying social proof. By allowing customers to share their purchases on social media platforms or by displaying social media endorsements on product pages, e-commerce sites can create a sense of community and encourage others to follow suit.

Personalization and Consumer Engagement

Personalization is a key strategy in e-commerce that leverages cognitive psychology to enhance consumer engagement and satisfaction. Personalized experiences are more likely to capture consumers' attention, reduce decision-making time, and increase the likelihood of purchase.

Personalization can be achieved through various means, such as personalized product recommendations, targeted promotions, and tailored content. For example, e-commerce platforms can use algorithms to analyse a user's browsing and purchase history to recommend products that align with their preferences. This not only makes the shopping experience more convenient but also increases the perceived relevance of the offerings, making consumers more likely to engage with the site and make a purchase (Arora et al., 2008).

Moreover, personalization can extend beyond product recommendations. Personalized email marketing, for example, has been shown to have higher open and click-through rates compared to generic emails (Liu & Shrum, 2002). By addressing consumers by name and offering promotions based on their past behaviour, e-commerce platforms can create a more personalized and engaging experience.

The Role of Emotion in E-Commerce

Emotion plays a significant role in consumer decision-making. Cognitive psychology suggests that emotions can influence how information is processed, how decisions are made, and how satisfied consumers feel with their choices (Pham, 2007). In e-commerce, the design and content of a website can evoke emotions that impact consumer behaviour.

For example, the use of colour, imagery, and language can create an emotional connection with users. A website that uses warm colours, friendly language, and relatable imagery can evoke positive emotions, making users feel more comfortable and confident in making a purchase. On the other hand, a cluttered or confusing website can evoke negative emotions, leading to frustration and abandonment.

Additionally, storytelling is an effective way to evoke emotions and create a connection with consumers. E-commerce platforms can use storytelling in product descriptions, brand narratives, and marketing campaigns to engage consumers on an emotional level. By telling a compelling story, e-commerce sites can differentiate themselves from competitors and build a loyal customer base.

Conclusion

The cognitive and psychological principles discussed in this article highlight the importance of understanding consumer behaviour in e-commerce. By leveraging concepts such as cognitive load, heuristics, trust, social proof, personalization, and emotion, e-commerce platforms can optimize their design and user experience to influence consumer behaviour positively. As the e-commerce landscape continues to evolve, businesses that prioritize these psychological principles will be better positioned to meet the needs and expectations of their customers, ultimately leading to increased satisfaction, loyalty, and revenue.

References

- Arora, A., Dreze, X., Ghose, A., & Iyer, G. (2008). A study of the impact of personalized product recommendations on consumer behaviour. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 45(3), 419-428. <https://doi.org/10.1509/jmkr.45.3.419>
- Chevalier, J. A., & Mayzlin, D. (2006). The effect of word of mouth on sales: Online book reviews. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 43(3), 345-354. <https://doi.org/10.1509/jmkr.43.3.345>
- Cialdini, R. B. (2007). *Influence: The psychology of persuasion*. Harper Business.
- Kim, D. J., & Benbasat, I. (2009). Trust-assuring arguments in B2C e-commerce: Impact of content, source, and price on trust. *Journal of Management Information Systems*, 26(3), 175-206. <https://doi.org/10.2753/MIS0742-1222260307>

- Liu, Y., & Shrum, L. J. (2002). What is interactivity and is it always such a good thing? Implications of definition, person, and situation for the influence of interactivity on advertising effectiveness. *Journal of Advertising*, 31(4), 53-64. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00913367.2002.10673610>
- Pham, M. T. (2007). Emotion and rationality: A critical review and interpretation of empirical evidence. *Review of General Psychology*, 11(2), 155-178. <https://doi.org/10.1037/1089-2680.11.2.155>
- Sweller, J. (2011). Cognitive load theory: A special issue of the journal educational psychologist. *Educational Psychologist*, 46(3), 215-221. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00461520.2011.593745>

MS. MANBIR KAUR
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Understanding Mutual Funds in India: Mechanisms, Regulations, and Market Trends

Mutual funds have become one of the most popular investment vehicles in India, offering investors a diversified and professionally managed portfolio. They cater to a wide range of investor profiles—from conservative to aggressive investors—providing an accessible way to participate in the financial markets. This article explores the working of mutual funds in India, including how they operate, their regulatory framework, and the trends that have shaped the mutual fund industry in recent years.

What are Mutual Funds?

A mutual fund is an investment vehicle that pools money from multiple investors to invest in a diversified portfolio of securities, such as stocks, bonds, and other assets. Each investor holds units of the fund in proportion to their investment, and the value of these units fluctuates based on the performance of the underlying assets. Mutual funds are managed by Asset Management Companies (AMCs), which employ professional fund managers to make investment decisions on behalf of the investors.

How Mutual Funds Work in India

- In India, mutual funds are broadly categorized into **open-ended** and **closed-ended** funds. Open-ended funds allow investors to buy and redeem units at any time, based on the Net Asset Value (NAV), while closed-ended funds have a fixed investment period and can only be traded on the stock exchange once listed (Saha, 2019). Mutual funds in India are further categorized based on the type of asset class they invest in. The major categories include:
 - Equity Funds
 - Debt Funds

- Hybrid Funds
- Index Funds (e.g., Nifty 50).
- Liquid Funds
- When an investor invests in a mutual fund, they purchase units at the prevailing NAV, which is the per-unit price of the fund. NAV is calculated at the end of each trading day and is derived by dividing the total value of the fund's assets minus liabilities by the total number of outstanding units (Bansal & Sharma, 2018). For instance, if a mutual fund holds stocks worth ₹100 crore and liabilities worth ₹10 lakh, the NAV is calculated by subtracting liabilities from the total value of assets and dividing by the total number of units in circulation.
- Mutual fund managers in India employ various investment strategies, including growth, value, and income investing. The fund's risk level depends on the assets in which it invests. Equity funds, for instance, carry a higher risk but offer the potential for higher returns, whereas debt funds tend to be more stable with lower returns. Investors should choose a fund that aligns with their financial goals, risk tolerance, and investment horizon.

Regulatory Framework for Mutual Funds in India

The mutual fund industry in India is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), which ensures transparency, investor protection, and fair practices in the mutual fund market. SEBI's guidelines include the following:

- Asset Management Companies (AMCs) must register with SEBI before launching a mutual fund. SEBI ensures that only qualified and reputable AMCs manage mutual funds, protecting investors from fraudulent schemes (SEBI, 2021).
- AMCs are required to disclose important information about the mutual funds, including the fund's objective, risk factors, past performance, and fee structure. SEBI mandates that investors receive a *Scheme Information

Document (SID)*, which provides detailed information about the fund's operations (SEBI, 2021).

- SEBI's regulations also include provisions to protect investors' interests. This includes regular monitoring of the funds, imposing penalties for non-compliance, and ensuring that AMCs disclose all relevant fees and expenses associated with the fund (Bansal & Sharma, 2018). Additionally, SEBI has introduced measures like the *Direct Plan* to allow investors to invest without any intermediary commission, thus reducing costs.
- SEBI mandates that mutual funds must diversify their portfolios to reduce risk. For example, an equity fund must invest in a minimum number of stocks to ensure it does not concentrate risk in a single asset (Sharma, 2019).

Growth and Popularity of Mutual Funds in India

The Indian mutual fund industry has witnessed substantial growth over the past decade. According to the Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI), the assets under management (AUM) of mutual funds in India crossed ₹40 lakh crore in 2023, up from ₹17 lakh crore in 2015 (AMFI, 2023). This growth can be attributed to several factors:

- As financial literacy has increased in India, more people have become aware of the benefits of mutual fund investments. AMFI and other stakeholders have launched numerous campaigns to educate the public on how mutual funds work and how to invest in them.
- With the rise of digital platforms and mobile applications, investing in mutual funds has become more accessible than ever. Platforms like Groww, Zerodha, and Paytm Money allow investors to invest in mutual funds directly from their smartphones, removing barriers to entry such as paperwork and minimum investment requirements (Choudhury, 2020).
- SEBI's reforms aimed at improving transparency and reducing costs have contributed to the growth of mutual funds in India. For example, the

introduction of the *Direct Plan* has helped reduce the overall cost of investing in mutual funds, making them more attractive to retail investors.

- Investors in India can avail of tax deductions under Section 80C of the Income Tax Act by investing in Equity Linked Savings Schemes (ELSS), a type of mutual fund. This has further incentivized people to invest in mutual funds as part of **their tax-saving strategy.**

Challenges and Concerns

Despite the growth of the mutual fund industry, there are several challenges:

1. Market Volatility
2. Mis-selling and Lack of Investor Awareness
3. Regulatory Overhaul

Conclusion

Mutual funds in India have become an integral part of the investment landscape, providing individuals with a convenient and efficient way to invest in diversified portfolios. With strong regulatory frameworks, increased financial literacy, and the advent of digital investment platforms, the mutual fund industry is poised for continued growth. However, investors must remain vigilant, understand the risks associated with various funds, and make informed choices based on their financial goals.

References

- Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). (2023). Industry performance report. Retrieved from [www.amfiindia.com] (<https://www.amfiindia.com>)
- Bansal, P., & Sharma, R. (2018). An analysis of mutual fund regulation and investor behaviour in India. Journal of Financial Regulation and Compliance, 26(3), 317-335. <https://doi.org/10.1108/JFRC-04-2017-0065>
- Choudhury, S. (2020). Digital revolution in India's mutual fund market: A deep dive into growth drivers. Economic Times. Retrieved from

[<https://economictimes.indiatimes.com>]

(<https://economictimes.indiatimes.com>)

- Saha, A. (2019). Understanding mutual fund types and structures in India. Financial Planning Journal, 35(2), 49-56.
- SEBI. (2021). Mutual funds regulations and guidelines*. Securities and Exchange Board of India. Retrieved from [www.sebi.gov.in] (<https://www.sebi.gov.in>)
- Sharma, A. (2019). Challenges in the Indian mutual fund industry: Regulation and investor protection. Journal of Financial Services Marketing, 24(2), 74-84. <https://doi.org/10.1057/s41264-019-00049-w>

KANCHAN

M.COM 3RD SEMESTER

ROLL NO - 4507

PURPLE COW MARKETING: REVOLUTIONIZING BUSINESS THROUGH REMARKABLE DIFFERENTIATION

In today's highly competitive business environment, standing out from the crowd is increasingly challenging. With the proliferation of digital platforms and the bombardment of marketing messages, capturing consumer attention requires innovative strategies. One such strategy that has garnered significant attention is **Purple Cow Marketing**. This concept, introduced by marketing expert Seth Godin in his 2003 book **Purple Cow: Transform Your Business by Being Remarkable**, emphasizes the importance of creating remarkable, extraordinary products or services that naturally attract attention. This article explores the principles of Purple Cow marketing and its impact on business growth, innovation, and consumer engagement.

What is Purple Cow Marketing?

The term "Purple Cow" is derived from Godin's analogy: Imagine driving through a countryside filled with cows. After seeing hundreds of brown cows, a purple cow would instantly catch your attention. In the same way, businesses must strive to create products or services that stand out, offering something unique or exceptional. According to Godin (2003), traditional marketing tactics like TV commercials, print ads, or direct mail are becoming less effective because consumers are increasingly immune to such strategies. Instead, businesses should focus on building remarkable products that prompt organic word-of-mouth and media buzz. Remarkability is the cornerstone of the Purple Cow philosophy. Godin argues that if your product is not worth talking about, it will fail to capture consumer interest. In an era where consumers are overwhelmed with choices, the only way to stand out is to be outstanding (Godin, 2003).

Key Principles of Purple Cow Marketing

- At the heart of Purple Cow Marketing is the idea of being remarkable. Godin (2003) defines remarkable as "worthy of being remarked upon." A remarkable

product or service isn't just good; it's extraordinary. It is something people feel compelled to talk about. This could be anything from an innovative feature to a bold marketing campaign, or even the overall customer experience.

- Godin's framework closely follows the Diffusion of Innovations theory, which divides consumers into categories based on how quickly they adopt new technologies or ideas (Rogers, 2003). Purple Cow Marketing encourages businesses to focus their efforts on innovators and early adopters, who are more likely to embrace and champion new ideas. These consumers are influential and can help spread the word to the broader market.
- Word-of-mouth marketing is central to the success of Purple Cow strategies. A remarkable product or service often generates organic conversation, both online and offline. When consumers are genuinely impressed by a brand, they are more likely to share their experiences on social media, write reviews, and recommend the product to friends and family (Keller & Fay, 2012). This type of authentic promotion is highly effective in building brand credibility.
- A key message from Godin (2003) is to avoid the "safe" route, which is typically associated with mediocrity. Products that attempt to appeal to the largest possible audience by being average are unlikely to stand out. Instead, brands should aim for a specific niche where they can excel and differentiate themselves.
- In the digital age, Purple Cow Marketing has been amplified by social media and online platforms. Businesses can now reach a global audience instantaneously. Social media is an ideal environment for remarkable products to gain traction, as viral campaigns can snowball quickly, garnering significant attention (Jenkins, Ford, & Green, 2013).

Real-World Examples of Purple Cow Marketing

- Apple is often cited as an example of Purple Cow marketing. The company has built a reputation for creating products that are not only functional but also aesthetically pleasing and user-friendly. The iPhone, for example, revolutionized the mobile phone market by offering a sleek design, intuitive interface, and innovative features that had never been seen before. Apple's

commitment to being remarkable through design and innovation has turned it into one of the world's most valuable brands (Isaacson, 2011).

- Tesla, led by Elon Musk, has successfully applied the principles of Purple Cow Marketing. Tesla's electric vehicles are not just another mode of transportation; they are a symbol of cutting-edge technology, environmental consciousness, and luxury. By pushing the boundaries of automotive innovation, Tesla has created a loyal customer base that eagerly shares their experiences and promotes the brand's vision (Vance, 2015).
- GoPro has become a leading brand in the action camera industry by focusing on creating products that are not only durable and high-quality but also highly shareable. By capitalizing on user-generated content, GoPro has turned its customers into brand ambassadors. The company's remarkable cameras, along with the brand's focus on adventure and extreme sports, have resonated with a specific target market, driving word-of-mouth marketing (Frost & Sullivan, 2015).

Criticism of Purple Cow Marketing

While Purple Cow marketing has been widely praised, it is not without its critics. Some argue that the concept is not always applicable in industries where differentiation is difficult due to the nature of the product. For example, commodity products like basic utilities or groceries may not have the opportunity for dramatic differentiation (Horner, 2014). Additionally, the emphasis on being remarkable may lead to unrealistic expectations or a focus on novelty over long-term value creation. It is essential for businesses to ensure that their remarkable products still meet consumer needs and offer consistent quality.

Conclusion

Purple Cow Marketing offers a transformative approach to business differentiation. By focusing on creating remarkable products and services, businesses can cut through the noise and generate organic attention. As consumer expectations evolve and marketing channels become more fragmented, businesses must continue to innovate and challenge the status

quo. Companies that successfully embrace the principles of Purple Cow marketing can build lasting relationships with customers, generate buzz, and create a loyal following. As Godin (2003) asserts, "The only way to fail is to be boring."

References

- Frost, S., & Sullivan, M. (2015). GoPro: Using user-generated content as a competitive advantage. Case study, Frost & Sullivan.
- Godin, S. (2003). Purple cow: Transform your business by being remarkable. Penguin Group.
- Horner, J. (2014). Is Purple Cow marketing practical for all industries? Marketing Insights Journal, 12(3), 45-50.
- Isaacson, W. (2011). Steve Jobs. Simon & Schuster.
- Jenkins, H., Ford, S., & Green, J. (2013). Spreadable media: Creating value and meaning in a networked culture. NYU Press.
- Keller, E., & Fay, B. (2012). The face-to-face book: Why real relationships rule in a digital marketplace. Free Press.
- Rogers, E. M. (2003). Diffusion of innovations (5th ed.). Free Press.
- Vance, A. (2015). Elon Musk: Tesla, SpaceX, and the quest for a fantastic future. Harper Collins.

MUSKANDEEP KAUR
M.COM 3RD SEMESTER
ROLL NO- 4511

PT. MOHAN LAL S.D. COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, GURDASPUR.

PT. MOHAN LAL S-D-COLLEGE
FOR WOMEN

"शास्त्रां शतशो भवन् सर्वेषां तेषां शतशो नान्यथा तन्मते प्रामाण्यम्"

Email Id: ptmlsd@gmail.com

Website: www.ptmlsdc.ac.in

Facebook page: <https://www.facebook.com/ptmlsdc.ac.in>

Instagram: [s.d.college_gsp](https://www.instagram.com/s.d.college_gsp)

YouTube: <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCKenaiCllkYYbtGWzY54uiw>

Contact us: 01874-502681

SAFE HOSTEL AND P.G FACILITY AVAILABLE FOR WORKING WOMEN